ENTERED

November 29, 2017 David J. Bradley, Clerk

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	§
	§
Plaintiff-Respondent,	§
	§
V.	§ CRIMINAL ACTION NO. H-07-492
	§ CIVIL ACTION NO. H-16-1753
OSMAN CASTILLO,	§
	§
Defendant-Movant.	S

ORDER ADOPTING RECOMMENDATION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Pending is the Government's Response and Motion for Summary Judgment (Document No. 62) and Osman Castillo's 28 U.S.C. § 2255 Motion to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence (Document No. 57). The Court has received from the Magistrate Judge a Memorandum and Recommendation recommending that the Government's Motion for Summary Judgment be GRANTED, and that Castillo's Motion to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence be DENIED and DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE. No objections have been filed to the Memorandum and Recommendation. The Court, after having made a de novo determination of the Government's Motion for Summary Judgment and the Magistrate Judge's Memorandum and Recommendation, is of the opinion that the findings and recommendations of the Magistrate Judge should be and hereby are accepted by the Court. Therefore,

It is ORDERED and ADJUDGED for the reasons set forth in the Memorandum and Recommendation of the United States Magistrate Judge filed March 29, 2017, which is adopted in its entirety as the

opinion of the Court, that the Government's Motion for Summary Judgment (Document No. 62) is GRANTED, and Movant Osman Castillo's § 2255 Motion to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence (Document No. 57) is DENIED and DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE. It is further

ORDERED that a certificate of appealability is DENIED. A certificate of appealability from a habeas corpus proceeding will not issue unless the petitioner makes "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). standard "includes showing that reasonable jurists could debate whether (or, for that matter, agree that) the petition should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." Slack v. McDaniel, 120 S. Ct. 1595, 1603-1604 (2000) (internal quotations and citations omitted). Stated differently, where the claims have been dismissed on the merits, the petitioner "must demonstrate that reasonable jurists would find the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong." <u>Id.</u> at 1604; Beazley v. Johnson, 242 F.3d 248, 263 (5th Cir.), cert. denied, 122 When the claims have been dismissed on S.Ct. 329 (2001).procedural grounds, the petitioner must show that "jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the petition states a valid claim of the denial of constitutional right and that jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the district court was correct in its procedural ruling." Slack, 120 S. Ct. at 1604.

district court may deny a certificate of appealability sua sponte, without requiring further briefing or argument. Alexander v. Johnson, 211 F.3d 895, 898 (5th Cir. 2000).

For the reasons set forth in the Memorandum and Recommendation, which has been adopted, as the opinion of the Court, the Court determines that reasonable jurists would not find debatable the substantive determination made herein. Thus, a certificate of appealability is DENIED.

The Clerk will enter this Order and send copies to all parties of record.

Signed at Houston, Texas this 2 day of

, 2017

EWING WERLEIN, JR.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE